## Science Progression of Knowledge and Skills Animals including humans

Key to understanding this document: Black = National Curriculum objectives Red = Knowledge/Skills to be taught Green = Resources to be used

|                |             |                       |                        | earning.           |   |                     |                     |
|----------------|-------------|-----------------------|------------------------|--------------------|---|---------------------|---------------------|
| <u>Area of</u> | <u>EYFS</u> | <u>Year 1</u>         | Year 2                 | Year 3             | <u>Year 4</u>                           | Year 5              | <u>Year 6</u>       |
| Learning       |             |                       |                        |                    |   |                     |                     |
| Animals        |             | Working               | Working                | Working            | Working                                 | Working             | Working             |
| ncluding       |             | scientifically: To    | scientifically: To     | scientifically:    | scientifically:                         | scientifically:     | scientifically:     |
| numans         |             | identify and classify | observe closely,       | Report on findings | Setting up simple                       | Reporting and       | Using models to     |
|                |             | a variety of          | using simple           | from enquiries     | practical enquires.                     | presenting findings | describe scientific |
|                |             | common animals        | equipment and use      | including oral and | Making systematic                       | from enquiries,     | ideas.              |
|                |             | using pictures or     | observations to        | written            | and careful                             | including           | AH1 Identify and    |
|                |             | videos.               | answer simple          | explanations.      | observations.                           | conclusions.        | name the main       |
|                |             | AH1 identify and      | questions.             | AH1 Identify that  | To use written                          | AH1 describe the    | parts of the huma   |
|                |             | name a variety of     | AH1 notice that        | animals including  | explanations to                         | changes as humans   | circulatory system  |
|                |             | common animals        | animals including      | humans need the    | present findings.                       | develop to old age. | and describe the    |
|                |             | including fish,       | humans have            | right types amount | AH1 describe the                        | Children describe   | functions of the    |
|                |             | amphibians,           | offspring which        | of nutrition.      | simple functions of                     | the physical        | heart, blood vesse  |
|                |             | reptiles, birds and   | grow into adults.      | Children create    | the basic parts of                      | changes for each    | and blood.          |
|                |             | mammals.              | Life cycle of a        | balanced menu in   | the digestive                           | stage of life. E.g. | Make blood,         |
|                |             | Recognise and         | caterpillar –          | groups. Children   | system in humans.                       | puberty for a       | investigate the     |
|                |             | identify and name     | plasticise life cycle  | could then have a  | Make the digestive                      | teenager.           | heart.              |
|                |             | Frog, goldfish,       | or caterpillar farm.   | competition to see | system.                                 |                     |                     |
|                |             | snake, lizard, robin, | Stages of human        | which group        | 1 C .                                   | This topic will     |                     |
|                |             | blackbird, crow,      | life – baby, toddler,  | created the best   | 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1   | taught in line with |                     |
|                |             | magpie, cats, dogs,   | child, teenager,       | balanced meal,     | 1 A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A | the Sex education   |                     |
|                |             | humans etc.           | adult, elderly.        | containing the     |   | policy.             |                     |
|                |             |                       |                        | different food     |   | · <i>'</i>          |                     |
|                |             | Working               |                        | groups.            | Working                                 |                     |                     |
|                |             | Scientifically:       | Working                | Compare and        | scientifically:                         |                     |                     |
|                |             |                       | scientifically: To use | contrast the       | Identifying                             |                     |                     |

| To identify and      | observations to     | different amounts   | differences,        |     | Working                |
|----------------------|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|-----|------------------------|
|                      |                     | of food different   | similarities or     |     | scientifically:        |
| classify.            | answer simple       |                     |                     |     | '                      |
| To record data in a  | questions.          | animals eat.        | changes related to  |     | Identifying scientific |
| simple scaffolded    | AH2 find out about  |                     | simple scientific   |     | evidence that has      |
| table and use this   | and describe the    | Working             | ideas and           |     | been used to           |
| to answer simple     | basic needs of      | scientifically:     | processes.          |     | support or refute      |
| questions.           | animals including   | Identifying         | Record findings     |     | ideas or arguments.    |
| AH2 Identify and     | humans for survival | differences,        | using simple        |     | AIH2 recognise the     |
| name a variety of    | (water, food and    | similarities or     | labelled diagrams.  |     | impact of diet,        |
| common animals       | air)                | changes related to  | AH2 Identify the    |     | exercise, drugs and    |
| that are carnivores, | Identify the things | simple scientific   | different types of  |     | lifestyle on the way   |
| herbivores, and      | we need to survive. | ideas.              | teeth in humans     |     | their bodies           |
| omnivores.           |                     |                     | and their simple    |     | function.              |
| Children can         | Working             | AH2 Animals         | functions.          |     | Affect smoking has     |
| identify whether an  | scientifically:     | cannot make their   | Labelling teeth in  |     | on the human body.     |
| animal is a          | To identify and     | own food and that   | humans and          |     | Show pictures of       |
| carnivore,           | classify based on   | they get the        | animals and         |     | lungs and compare.     |
| herbivore or         | their own           | nutrition from what | describe the        |     | Discuss caffeine and   |
| omnivore and sort    | observations.       | they eat.           | functions. Eat an   |     | the impact it has on   |
| animals into simple  |                     | Humans have a       | apple and describe  |     | the body.              |
| groups. (e.g. hoops) | To perform a        | wide variety of     | what teeth they are |     |                        |
| Children create a    | simple test to      | foods with the      | using.              |     |                        |
| simple table         | answer a simple     | different food      |                     |     |                        |
| showing their        | question.           | groups. Compare to  | 2 C 10 C 1          | 1.2 |                        |
| results.             | AH3 describe the    | animals and how     |                     |     |                        |
| G CS                 | importance for      | they are more       |                     |     |                        |
| 2                    | humans of           | restricted on the   |                     |     |                        |
| Working              | exercising, eating  | food they eat.      |                     |     |                        |
| scientifically: Use  | the right amounts   |                     | Working             |     |                        |
| observations and     | of different food   | NOT FOOD            | scientifically:     |     |                        |
| ideas to suggest     | and hygiene.        | CHAINS!             | Record findings     |     |                        |
| answers to           | Introduce the eat   |                     | using simple        |     | Working                |
| questions.           | well plate – fruit  | Working             | labelled diagrams.  |     | scientifically:        |
| AH3 describe and     | and vegetables,     | scientifically:     |                     |     | Planning different     |
| compare the          | carbohydrates, oils | Using               | AH3 Construct and   |     | types of scientific    |
| structure of a       | and fats, dairy and | straightforward     | interpret a variety |     | enquiries to answer    |
| Suucture or a        | and fats, daily and | Straightfol waru    | interpret a variety |     | enquines to answel     |

| variety of common    | protein. Prior to  | scientific evidence   | of food chains                            |         | questions, including  |
|----------------------|--|---|---|---------|-----------------------|
| animals (fish,       | this children are  | to answer   | identifying                               |         | recognising and       |
| amphibians,          | given a selection of   | questions.  | producers,                                |         | controlling variables |
| reptiles, birds and  | foods which they   |   | predators and prey.                       |         | where necessary.      |
| mammals,             | must sort into their   | AH3 identify that   | Create own food                           |         |                       |
| including pets)      | own categories   | humans and some   | chains.                                   |         | AIH3 describe the     |
| Label simple animal  | before learning  | animals have  | 10  |         | ways in which         |
| diagrams. E.g. fish  | about the food   | skeletons and   | 111                                       |         | nutrients and wate    |
| with scales and      | groups.  | muscles for   |   |         | are transported       |
| gills. Birds with    |  | support, protection   |   |         | within animals        |
| wings and feathers.  | Investigations to do   | and movement.   |   |         | including humans.     |
| 10 6                 | with age impacting   | C   |   | A       |                       |
| Working              | exercise abilities/  | Children to identify  |   | -       | Provide children      |
| scientifically:      | stamina.   | and group animals   | 1.  |         | with the resources    |
| Gathering and        | 10 M 10 M  | with and without  | 10 C C                                    |         | so that they can      |
| recording data in a  |  | skeletons and   |   |         | find out about the    |
| simple scaffolded    |  | muscles.  |   |         | roles that water      |
| table.               |  | Children look at  |   |         | play in keeping us    |
| AH4 identify, name,  |  | different x-ray   |   |         | alive; especially in  |
| draw and label the   |  | pictures and  |   |         | transporting blood    |
| basic parts of the   |  | compare.  | 1.4                                       |         | and nutrients         |
| human body and       |  |   |   | allow a | around the body.      |
| say which part of    |  |   | 2.4                                       |         |                       |
| the body is          |  | 100   |   |         | http://www.cyh.co     |
| associated with      |  |   | 1. S. |         | m/HealthTopics/He     |
| each sense.          |  |   |   |         | althTopicDetailsKic   |
| Draw round the       |  |   |   |         | .aspx?p=335&np=2      |
| human body and       |  |   |   |         | 84&id=1494            |
| label each part with | A DECK ALL DECK  |   |   |         |                       |
| the correct sense.   | and the second second  |   | C Y                                       |         | http://www.nhs.ul     |
| Senses carousel.     | and the second sec |   |   |         | Livewell/Goodfood     |
|                      |  |   | 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1     |         | Pages/water-          |
|                      |  | C   |   |         | drinks.aspx           |
|                      |  | 1 million 1 |   |         | <u>urinks.aspx</u>    |
|                      |  | Do C  |   |         |                       |
|                      |  |   |   |         |                       |
|                      |  |   |   |         |                       |

| Key<br>Vocabulary | Fish, reptile,<br>mammal,<br>amphibian, birds,<br>carnivore,<br>herbivore,<br>omnivore, gill,<br>scales, wings,<br>feathers, senses,<br>smell, taste, touch,<br>hear, see, human<br>body, neck, head,<br>elbows, arms, legs,<br>knees, face, ears,<br>toes. | Egg, chick, chicken,<br>caterpillar, pupa,<br>butterfly, tadpole,<br>frog, lamb, sheep,<br>baby, toddler, child,<br>teenager, adult,<br>elderly, exercise,<br>offspring, hygiene,<br>survival and<br>shelter. | Nutrition, skeleton,<br>balanced, muscles,<br>support,<br>protection,<br>movement.           | Predator, producer,<br>consumer, prey,<br>digestive system,<br>mouth, tongue,<br>teeth, stomach,<br>small intestine,<br>large intestine,<br>rectum anus,<br>carnivores,<br>herbivores, decay,<br>canines, molars. | Growth, Puberty,<br>gestation period | Diet, exercise,<br>drugs, muscular,<br>digestive system,<br>smoking, caffeine,<br>lungs                       |
|-------------------|---|---|--|---|--------------------------------------|---|
| Resources         | Mobile farm/<br>animal people in.<br>Pictures of<br>different types of<br>animals.<br>Senses carousel<br>objects – feely<br>boxes, items to put<br>inside.  | Caterpillar farm<br>Photos of stages of<br>life   | X-ray pictures of<br>animals.<br>Pictures of animals<br>and what they eat.<br>Discovery walk | Tights, orange<br>juice, cornflakes,<br>banana plastic<br>cups, bucket.   | X-ray of teeth.                      | Balloons<br>Skewer<br>Straws<br>Pulse meters<br>Red coloured<br>sweets<br>Corn syrup<br>White<br>marshmallows |
|                   | 3   |   | The  | Disco   |                                      |   |